

## Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner UProbe-C & UProbe-L

# User's Guide

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### **Section 1 INTRODUCTION**

The Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner (Model: UProbe-C \cdot UProbe-L) is the new generation instruments for ultrasonography with the outstanding feature of wireless.

Different with traditional ultrasound scanner with a cable connecting from probe to main unit, no cable appears at the end of the probe of the Scanners. The probe of the Scanner is highly integrated with ultrasound image processing, power management and a wireless signal provider to be connected by the main unit. The main units different with traditional devices are now changed to be any iPad from Apple Inc or Apple iPhone. The probe acts as a Wi-Fi Access Point and can be connected by iPad or iPhone. With the probe be connected through WiFi and the App is running, enjoy your days of working without the trouble making cables.

This manual is intended to provide a thorough overview of the Scanner and should be carefully read before starting operating the device.

Thank you for your trust in us to provide for your ultrasonography needs.

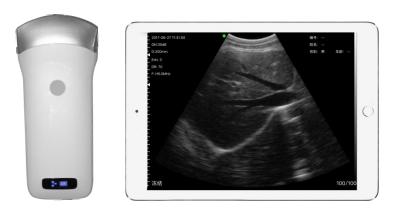


Figure 1.1 UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner

### 1.1Signs and Meaning

Sign	Meaning
<u>^</u>	Caution! Please consult the accompanying document.
(3)	Consult the user manual
<b>★</b>	Type BF applied part

	Class II equipment
IPN <sub>1</sub> N <sub>2</sub>	Degree of IP protection
(((•)))	Non-ionizing electromagnetic radiation
***	Manufacturer
	Date of manufacture
SN	Serial number
7	Keep dry
IPX1	There is no harmful effect on vertically falling water droplets.
IPX7	The device can be immersed in water within a depth of 1 meter for up to 30 minutes without damage.
MD	Medical device Indicates the item is a medical device.
UDI	Unique device identifier Indicates a carrier that contains unique device identifier information This symbol may be used when multiple date carriers are present on the label. If used, this symbol shall be placed adjacent to the unique device identifier carrier.
REF	Catalogue number Indicates the manufacture's catalogue number so that the medical device can be identified
A	WEEE Directive: 2002 / 96 / EC waste electrical and electronic equipment
#	Model number Indicates the model number or type number of a product This symbol shall be accompanied by the model number of the product adjacent to the symbol.
<u>س</u>	Country of manufacture To identify the country of manufacture of products In the application of this symbol, the "CC" shall be replaced by either the two-letter country code or the three-letter country code defined in ISO3166-1 The date of manufacture may be added adjacent to this symbol.

### 1.2TECHNICAL PARAMETERS

### 1.2.1 General performance

#### 1) Product configurations

The Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner consists of a scanner, IPAD, charging cable, software.

#### 2) Intended Use

The Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner (Model: UProbe) is intended for diagnostic ultrasound echo imaging, measurement, and analysis of the human body for general clinical applications including obstetrics (OB), gynecology (GY) and general (abdominal) imaging.

#### 3) Intended User

Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner should be operated by professional medical staffs, includes physicians, nurses, therapists or other relevant staffs with medical science.

#### 4) Intended patient

Adult and children, including pregnant women.

### 5) Contraindication

This device is not suitable for the examination of the site of injury or acute inflammation.

### **6)** Physical characteristics

Dimension: 104 (L) x 50 (H) x 22(D)(mm)

Weight: 308g

#### **7)** Environmental

Item	Operations	Storage and Transportation
Relative Humidity	25% to 80%, non-condensing	25% to 93%, non-condensing
Ambient Temperature	5°C to +35°C	-20°C to +55°C
Atmospheric Pressure;	700hPa to 1060hPa;	700hPa to 1060hPa;
Altitude	≤3000m	≤3000m

### 8) Mmeasurement accuracy of Uprobe-C

Туре	BW(black and white)
Array Type	R60
Element	128
Scanning Radius	60°
Probe Type	Curved
Display Mode	B, B/M
Frequency	3.2/5MHz
Depth	320mm
B Mode Axial Distance Tolerance	<±2%
B Mode Lateral Distance Tolerance	<±2%
M Mode Distance Tolerance	<±2%
M Mode Time Tolerance	<±2%
Application	Abdomen, Obstetrics, Gynecology

### 9) Measurement accuracy of Uprobe-L

Туре	BW(black and white)
Array Type	L40
Element	128
Scanning Length	40mm
Probe Type	Linear
Display Mode	B, B/M
Frequency	7.5/10MHz
Depth	55mm
B Mode Axial Distance Tolerance	<±2%
B Mode Lateral Distance Tolerance	<±2%
M Mode Distance Tolerance	<±2%
M Mode Time Tolerance	<±2%
Application	Peripheral Vessel, Superficial Organ

### **10)** Electronic

Input:5Vd.c. 1A

Battery Capacity: modle (SNP-4200) 3.8Vd.c. 4200mAh

continuous working time: 2hour

Waterproof:

Main unit: IPX1; Acoustic head: IPX7

Security classification

According to the type of anti-electric shock:

Internal power supply; Class II charging equipment;

According to the degree of anti-electric shock:

Type BF application part;

According to the protection degree of harmful liquid:

Main unit: IPX1; Acoustic head: IPX7

According to the degree of safety in the presence of flammable anesthetic gas mixed with air (or oxygen, nitrous oxide two):

Cannot be used in the presence of flammable anesthetic gas mixed with air or oxygen or nitrous oxide;

According to the working mode: Continuous working equipment.

### 11) The specification of Charging cable

Туре	Micro USB 5P
Maximum input power	9V/2A
Specifications	1m

### **12)** The specification of IPAD/APP operating environment requirements

Hardware	•	Processor: Apple A8X; tri-core
	•	Processor frequency: 1.5 GHZ
		System memory: 2GB
		Storage capacity: 32GB
		WIFI: 802.11a /b/g/n/ac
	•	Dual-band (2.4G Hz and 5G Hz)
Software	•	Operating system: IOS 9.0 or above

	Supported software: SmartUS.ipa
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### 1.3 INDICATIONS FOR USE

The Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner (Model: UProbe) is intended for diagnostic ultrasound echo imaging, measurement, and analysis of the human body for general clinical applications including obstetrics (OB), gynecology (GY) and general (abdominal) imaging.

Contraindications: This device is not suitable for the examination of the site of injury or acute inflammation.

### 1.4 PRECAUTIONS & WARNINGS

- PRECAUTION 1: Read the user manual carefully before operating the device, be familiar
  with the equipment and operation procedures, and strictly implement; the company is not
  responsible for the damage caused by the improper use of the machine and the resulting
  potential adverse consequences;
- PRECAUTION 2: The instrument must work in a clean environment, should avoid direct sunlight, extreme temperature changes, dust, near heat sources, high humidity places, do not place anything on top of the instrument.
- PRECAUTION 3: The device shall be operated in undisturbed conditions to avoid data transmission interruption.
- PRECAUTION 4: When there is wireless channel congestion, switch the channel (Refer to Section 3.6 SETTINGS), and then restart the probe.
- PRECAUTION 5: Prescription Use. The device shall be operated by professional physicians, and should wears gloves before use.
- PRECAUTION 6: The device shall be repaired by a professional recognized by the manufacturer.
- PRECAUTION 7: The device does not have a shelf life. Its expected use life is 10 years. After 10 years, though the device still works normally, it is recommended to have it checked by the manufacturer.
- PRECAUTION 8: Useless components shall be disposed of according to local regulations.
- PRECAUTION 9: Be careful when holding the device, for the device is handheld, it may fall.
- PRECAUTION 10: Pay attention: the words "Insufficient Storage Space" will appear on the interface to remind the user to clean up space when storage space will be insufficient.

- WARNING 1: The device is not explosion-proof. Do not use it in an inflammable and explosive environment (such as in the presence of anesthetic gas, oxygen or hydrogen, etc.);
- WARNING 2: Instrument is not waterproof, do not spill water or other liquids on the instrument.
- The probe should be turned off when it is not in use. The probe can be safely stopped by pressing the power button for a long time.
- This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.
- Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible could void the user's authority to operate this device.
- This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation.
- If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
- -- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- -- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- -- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- -- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
- The device has been evaluated to meet general RF exposure requirements.
- Patients using cardiac pacemakers are guided by doctors' suggestions.
- During equipment use, maintenance and upkeep cannot be carried out.
- Warning: Charging the battery by the operator is at least 1.5 meters away from patients; this product can't operate during charging.

WARNING: The user and/or patient should be reported any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device to the our company and the competent authority of the Member State.

### **Section 2 GETTING STARTED**

**FOR YOUR PROTECTION,** please read these safety instructions completely before applying power to, or operating the system.

	The over-high ultrasonic intensity and/ or overtime exposure may
	cause injury.
Caution	Please do not apply the probe of this device to the indication of use not covered in this manual.
	This product is identified as a type BF applied part.

### 2.1 Configuration And Equipment

### 2.1.1UNPACKING

The Scanner is carefully packed to prevent damage during shipment. Before unpacking, please note any visible damage to the outside of the shipping containers.

Items should be checked in order to ensure that all ordered items have been received. The following table lists the items which should be received with each particular system.

ITEMS	INCLUDED
scanner(C-Probe/L-Probe)	٧
Manual	٧
USB Cable for Charging	٧
IPad	Optional

Table 2-1 Items List for The Wireless Ultrasound Scanner

Each item should be examined for any noticeable defects or damage that may have occurred during shipment although it is packed carefully. If any defect or damage exists, please contact your local representative immediately to report the problem.

The accessories include manual, USB Cable for Charging and IPad.

### 2.1.2 STARTING PROBE

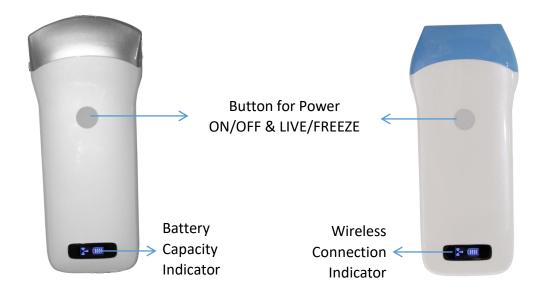


Figure 2-1 The Wireless Ultrasound Probe

The Wireless Connection Indicator and the Battery Capacity Indicator on the probe may be invisible before the probe is turned on.

Press the button to turn on the probe. The Battery Capacity Indicator will be light to indicate the capacity of the battery. The four grids of the indicator imply the battery capacity. (Probe charging will be described in section 4.)

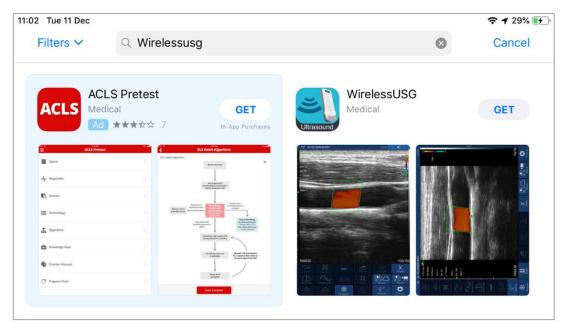
Seconds after the probe turned on, the Wireless Connection Indicator will be light and blinking to notice that the probe is ready for a wireless connection from the iPad or iphone.

The probe can be turned off by hold down the button for seconds. When the probe is off, the indicators will be turned off.

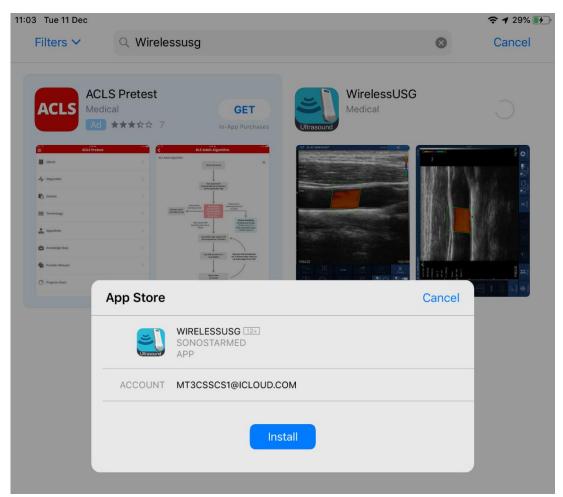
### 2.2 INSTALLING APP

### 2.2.1 Method 1

Open the App Store on the iPad or the iPhone, type "Wireless USG" in the search bar.



Find the software and download and install it.



### 2.2.2 Method 2

Using the two-dimensional code scanning software to scan the two-dimensional code below, you can get the download link of APP for installation.



### 2.3 STARTING PROBE

### 2.3.1 Visual inspection

Before and after the ultrasonic visual inspection, check the probe surface or the fuselage sheath for abnormalities such as peeling, cracks, and bulging.

	Abnormal probes can cause electric shock or injury to people.	
Waring	Therefore, once any abnormalities are found, you must immediately	
	stop using the probe and contact Sonostar.	

### 2.3.2 Probe cleaning

Ultrasonic probes should be cleaned and disinfected before and after the ultrasound examination. Please refer to chapter "4 Cleaning and Disinfection".

Caution	Probes that have not been cleaned or disinfected may cause bacterial
Caution	and viral infections

#### 2.3.3 Boot check

Please check the following before diagnosis

1. The scanner should not be abnormally heated during use. The scanner can be sensed by hand touching the scanner, and if the temperature is significantly higher than the body temperature (or the scanner surface temperature exceeds 40 ° C). The scanner should stop using.

Caution	If the operator places an abnormally hot scanner on the surface of the	
Caution	patient's skin, it may cause burns.	

2. The ultrasound image must not be abnormal after power on, check whether the functions are normal, including software operation, button function, power, etc.

Caution	In the event of any of the above anomalies, the ultrasound imaging
Caution	diagnostic apparatus may be defective, please contact SonoStar.

The Wireless Connection Indicator and the Battery Capacity Indicator on the scanner may be invisible before the scanner is turned on.

Press the On-Off Button for 3 seconds to turn on the scanner. The Battery Capacity Indicator will be light to indicate the capacity of the battery. The four grids of the indicator imply the battery capacity. (scanner charging will be described in section 4.)

Seconds after the scanner is turned on, the Wireless Connection Indicator will be light and blinking to notice that the scanner is ready for a wireless connection from the iPad or iPhone.

The scanner can be turned off by hold down the button for 5 seconds. When the scanner is off, the indicators will be turned off.

### 2.4 WIRELESS CONNECTION

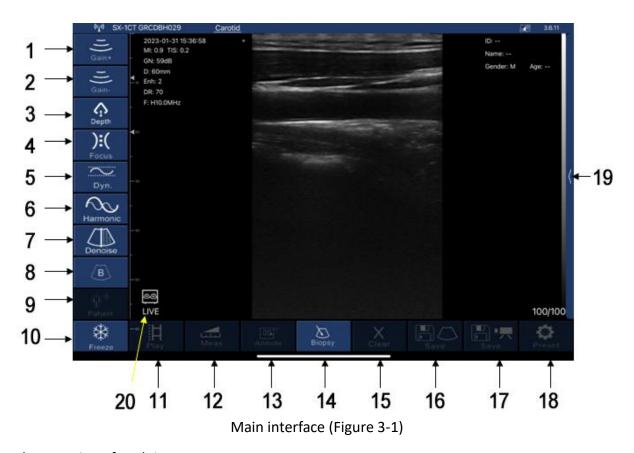
When the scanner is waiting for a wireless connection as described previously, launch the Settings of iPad or iPhone, turn on the Wi-Fi (if not on), Find the SSID of the scanner. The SSID is like: "SS-1 GMBFCA001", the suffix "GMBFCA001" is a code generated from Serial Number. Connect to the SSID with the password same as the Serial Number (in lower case). The Serial Number is in the form of "WSPBFCA001" with the prefix of "WSP". It can be found on the surface of the scanner.

After Wi-Fi is connected, launch the WirelessScan App, after the connection from the app to the scanner is confirmed, the Wireless Connection Indicator on the scanner will be light with no blinking.

Every connection step is done. The operations of using the system to finish the ultrasonography task will be described in the next section.

### **Section 3 APP OPERATIONS**

### 3.1 ULTRASOUND scanning



The meaning of each icon:

- 1. Transmission Gain +: increase image gain.
- 2. Transmission Gain -: reduce image gain.
- 4. Focus: adjust the focus position of the image.
- 5. Dynamic range: adjust the dynamic range of the image.
- 5. Frequency: can change the working frequency of the scanner.
- 6. Noise reduction: used to eliminate low-level echoes caused by noise.
- 7. Noise reduction, image processing
- 8.Image mode: B mode, B / M mode, Color Doppler mode (COLOR),

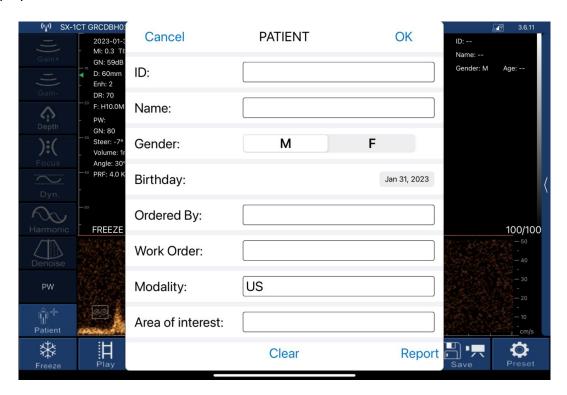
Energy Doppler mode (PDI), Pulse Doppler (PW).

- 9. Patient information management: patient information input.
- 10.Freeze/ operate: image freeze and thaw.

- 11. Movie playback: replay after the image freezes.
- 12.Measurement: distance / area / obstetrical measurement.
- 13. Note: enter a comment on the image.
- 14. Puncture: draw a puncture line for puncture guidance.
- 15. Delete measurements and notes: delete measurement results and notes on images.
- 16. Save the image: save a single image.
- 17. Save Image Video: save whole Image Video.
- 18. Setting: WIFI channel selection to avoid channel blocking.
- 19. TGC (time gain compensation) the function menu pops up by clicking on the top of the right "<".
- 20 BB Dual B mode

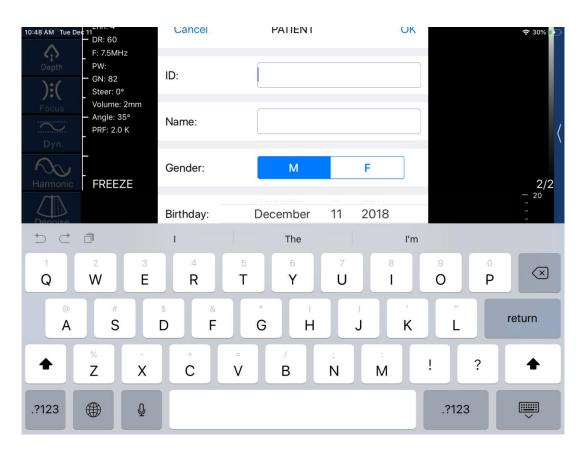
### 3.2 Patient information input

Click on the software interface "Patient Information", the interface patient information will pop up as below Picture 3-5 shows:



Picture 3-2 Pop-up patient information interface

Enter the patient information in the number and name fields, click on the gender and click OK. The patient information is entered. If you make a mistake, you can click Cancel or create a new case.



Picture 3-3 Patient Information Editing Interface

### 3.3 Data measurement

In B/M mode, the position of the sampling line can be adjusted by tapping the moving circle on the screen with your finger (as shown in Picture 3-7 below).

First, the interface needs to be frozen. You can freeze the interface by pressing the Freeze Button of the scanner or by clicking the Freeze option on the screen. In the frozen state of B/M mode, click the M mode area, the moving circle can appear, the heart rate can be measured, and the default number of cardiac weeks is 5 weeks (five-segment, that is five heartbeat intervals are taken and the average heart rate is calculated).



Picture 3-7 Measuring the heartbeat interface

Click "Measure" in the B mode freeze state, and then the ten measurement functions of the screen shown in Picture 3-8 will pop up. Users should select the appropriate measurement function according to the product scanner model, the applicable range and the data to be measured.



Picture 3-9 Measurement function

After selecting the "LENGTH" length measurement function, click on the two points to be measured in the frozen screen, the measurement trajectory will appear, click the moving point on the trajectory line (as shown in the middle of Figure 3-7), move the trajectory, and adjust the length. The size of the real-time measurement data is displayed at the top right of the screen. Among them, GA (CRL), GA (BPD), GA (GS), and GA (FL) are measured in the same manner.

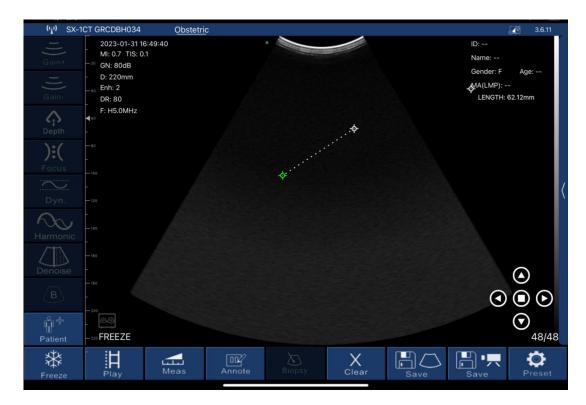
Select the "AREA/CIRCUMFERENCE" area/circumference measurement function, select the 3 o'clock position to be measured in the frozen screen and click on it. 3 moving points will appear on the screen, and 3 moving points will automatically form an elliptical trajectory. Click on the moving point to adjust the measurement position, and the measured data will be displayed in real time on the upper right of the screen. Among them, GA (HC) and GA (AC) are measured in the same way.

Select the "ANGLE" angle measurement function to measure the angle. You can select the 3 o'clock position to be measured in the frozen screen and click it will appear 3 moving points on the screen. 3 moving points will automatically form an angle. Click the moving point to adjust the measuring angle. The measured data is displayed in real time on the upper right.

After selecting the "TRACE" track area measurement function, you can measure the irregular position area of the edge, and draw the edge on the screen with your finger to get the area size. The final measured data is displayed at the top right of the screen.

Note: Measurement functions GA (CRL), GA (BPD), GA (GS), GA (FL), GA (HC), and GA (AC) are only available for obstetrics.

The above measurement functions can be fine-tuned using the virtual trackball of the screen. During the measurement, you can click on the generated measurement point, and the virtual trackball that appears (as shown in the lower right corner of Figure 3-10) can be fine-tuned according to the direction of the measurement point.



Picture 3-10

Up to 4 sets of data can be measured in the same frozen screen. After the measurement, press "Clear X" to delete all measurement results. If you want to delete a measurement, click on the measurement data at the top right of the screen to display the result.

3-11, Within the same freeze frame, the measurement can be at most four sets of data. After finish the measurement, press the "remove X" can delete all measurements; if you want to delete one measurement, click measuring data result on the top right screen , immediately appear below as shown in figure 3 to 11, click "X" on the right side of the data, delete the measurement data.



Figure 3-11 Delete part of the measurement data

### 3.4 Report download

Click on the "patient information" on the lower left of the software interface , then pop-up below patient information interface.

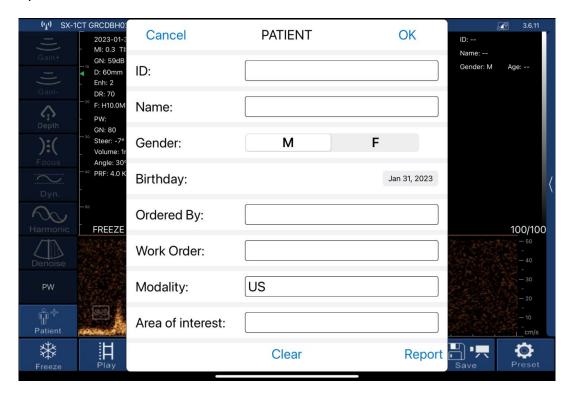


Figure 3-12 pop-up patient information interface.

Click on "report", pop up the interface below as shown in figure 3-13, click on the "tip" box, the user can input content in dialog box. Click on download icon "on the lower right of the page, and then the report can be downloaded. The reports are stored automatically in the smart terminal display system (apple mobile phone, or tablet) photo album.

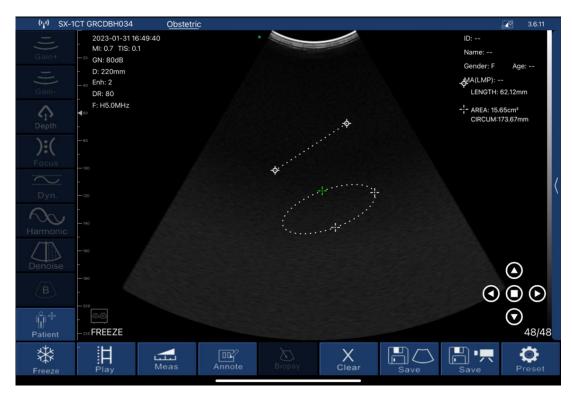


figure 3-13 patient information download interface

### 3.5 Image and Video storage

### 3.5.1 Image storage

Click on "save image" on the bottom right in below interface (FIG. 3-14), then save the image displaying on the screen at the moment. The image is automatically stored in the smart terminal display system (apple mobile phone, or tablet) photo album.



Picture3-14

### 3.5.2 Video storage

Click on "save Video" on the bottom right in above interface (FIG. 3-14), then the Video starting from the operation within 100seconds are stored in the smart terminal display system (apple mobile phone, or tablet) photo album.

### 3.6 Image and Video review

Open the photo album of the smart terminal display system (apple mobile phone, or tablet), and then review the saved image and Video.

### 3.7 Replace the signal channel

In the WIFI crowded environment, the user can choose different WIFI channel for the scanner. Press "set" key, then pop up the signal channel selection list ( as showed in figure 3-15), click select channel. After 2 seconds, please restart the scanner and connect with intelligent terminal display screen according to 3.1 step.

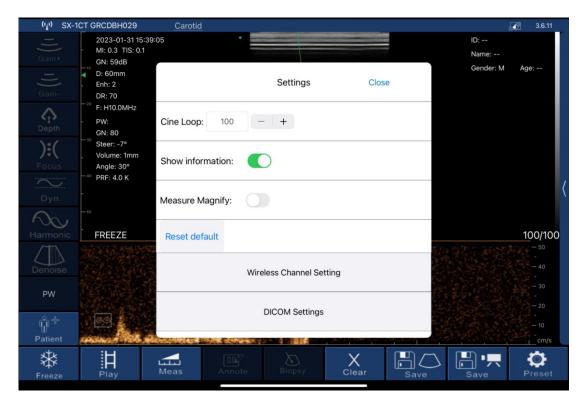


Figure 3-15

### **Section 4 MAINTEANCE**

### 4.1 scanner CHARGING

When battery goes down, it is necessary to recharge the scanner. Pull the insertion at the end of the scanner, then connect the USB Charger and USB Cable with the scanner to charge the scanner as shown in figure 4-1. When in charging, the battery indicator will be blinking and the grids indicate the capacity of the battery charged.



Figure 4-1 Charge the scanner

If four grids all light and the indicator not blinking means the battery is fully charged. Unplug the USB cable and the insertion should be carefully plugged to make the scanner able to keep out water.

Caution	If the adapter power supply voltage is beyond the scope of instrument regulation adaptation (normal adapter output voltage is $5 \text{ V} + / - 0.5 \text{ V}$ ), it shall not be used.
	The device should be charged using a charging adapter that comply with IEC60601-1 or IEC 62368.

### 4.2 WATERPROOF IPAD

We will provide a waterproof bag if you using iPad as the accessory. Users can use it to protect the iPad when it is used in humidity or dirty fields.

• The manufacturer not providing iPad and iPhone, the user should configurate this accessory by themselves.

### 4.3 CLEANING AND DISINFECTION

### 4.3.1 Precaution and warnings

When cleaning and disinfecting:

- Follow the procedures in the order they are described in this guide, without skipping steps.
- Follow the manufacturer's instructions, recommendations, and guidelines for cleaners and disinfectants, as well as your regional regulations.
- Check expiry dates, concentration, and efficacy of the chemicals used.
- Wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), such as eyewear and gloves, as recommended by the chemical manufacturer.
- Repeated use and cleaning over the course of the scanner's life may deteriorate its cleanliness.
- Using incompatible solutions to clean the scanner may damage its surface.

WARNING: During an emergency where the scanner is used to examine multiple patients in a short period of time, the lack of proper cleaning and disinfecting between patients may spread infections to other patients and users.

#### 4.3.2 Cleaning and Disinfection the scanner

- 1) Thoroughly dry the instrument with a clean, soft cloth before using.
- 2) To clean the scanner, Use a soft cloth dampened with 75%Alcohol to wipe the scanner until it is thoroughly cleaned.
- 3) To remove all traces of disinfectant solution, wipe the instrument with a clean soft cloth dampened in sterile water or potable tap water. Wiping the device three separate times to remove all residual disinfectant is recommended.
- 4) Verify that all gel, particulate matter, and bodily fluids have been removed.
- 5) Dispose the soft cloth and the instrument used to insert the cloth.

### **4.4 STORAGE**

When not in use, it is recommended that the equipment should be put in the case. While stored, the equipment should be protected from temperature extremes.

### 4.5 TROUBLE SHOOTING

Inspect: check if the scanner and the scanner is properly connected. Fault handling:

Ite	Failure Problem	Solution
1	No response after press the power switch	Charging, check the power supply

2	Intelligent display can't connect scanner WIFI	Check the WIFI signal channel is ready; test whether the WIFI password input is correct
3	Displayed on the screen with interference like snow	Check if other equipment started which cause electromagnetic interference, shut down the device or get far from the device.
4	The image not bright	Adjust brightness

### 4.6 Disposal

- \*Warning: products should not be discarded at will.
- -Battery recycling meets local requirements.
- -Recycling of waste electrical and electronic products should comply with local laws and regulations.

WARNING: The user and/or patient should be reported"any serious incident that has occurred in relation to the device" to the our company and the competent authority of the Member State.

### 4.7 Product maintenance and protection

- 1, this product usage and storage conditions shall comply with the environmental conditions of section 1.5 in this manual.
- 2, The product power supply shall be in accordance with section 1.2 of this manual.
- 3, If Stop using this product for a long period of time, ensure charging at least twice a week, every time not less than 1 hour.
- 4, please do not open the scanner cover for cleaning, shake or dismantle the components inside the scanner.
- 5, Clean and wipe the scanner cover by alcohol cotton, and should be operated in the power-off state.
- 6, this product should not be frequent startup and shutdown. After shutdown if needed to start up again, please wait at least 1 minute of time for boot operation.
- 7, if instrument malfunction occur, pleas ask professional staff for maintenance.
- 8, scanners are valuable and vulnerable part, any collision or drop is forbidden.
- 9, Suspended in the diagnosis process, please press the button for freeze. The system in the frozen states benefit to scanner for long-term use.
- 10, Apply the medical ultrasound coupling agent which complies with relevant standards when using the scanner.

- 11, the structure of the scanner is watertight, prohibit any conductive liquid immersion so as to avoid corrosion of the scanner and the fuselage.
- 12, Scanner into liquid shall not exceed the scanner water lines, and regularly check for cracks in order to avoid liquid immersion and damage to internal components.
- 13, After each usage, please refer to chapter 4.3 of this manual for cleaning and disinfection.
- 14, To maintain the performance and safety of the system, electric and mechanical safety inspections for the system should be performed periodically by professional technicians in less than 6 months.
- 15, When the product is damaged due to impact drop, it should contact after-sale for maintenance and calibration. Detailed contact information can be found after-sale.
- 16,Before each use of the product, check the surface of the probe for cracks. If there are cracks, they can be sent back to the after-sales service for inspection and maintenance.
- 17,Conduct a one-time performance check on the product every year, which can be calibrated or the image accuracy can be checked through body film.

### **Section 5 Safety**

The operation safety is the most important concern of the designer. To ensure the safety and efficiency of the system, the operator should read carefully about this chapter before using the system.

### **5.1 Safety Instructions**

Read and understand all precautions in this manual before using the system. Keep this manual with the system at all times. Periodically review the procedures for operation and safety precautions.



- Do not use the system in the applications other than those listed in the intended use. Otherwise, it may result in system damage or serlous injury.
- This equipment can only be used for diagnosis, cannot be used for treatment.

### 5.1.1 Electric Safety

- The biocompatibility of this product has been verified, in normal circumstances, it will not bring harm to the operator or patient.
- No modification of this equipment is allowed.
- If any operator requests more information such as circuit diagrams, parts list and product descriptions, for repairs carried out by qualified technical personnel, please contact us.
- Please check and replace the battery periodically by after-sale. When the continuous working time of batteries is less than 2 hours, you can contact after-sales for battery replacement.
- Replacing batteries requires professional trained technicians to use specialized tools. Untrained personnel replacing batteries may cause hazards such as overheating, fire, and explosion.
- Replacing batteries requires unscrewing the shell screw with a special screwdriver, carefully opening the shell, then taking out the old batteries directly, installing new batteries, and sealing the edges with glue when reinstalling the machine.
- Do not pour any fluid onto the ultrasound system surfaces, as fluid seepage into the electrical circuitry may cause excessive leakage current or system failure. If carelessly pour any water onto the system, immediately stop using the ultrasound system and contact Service Representative immediately.
- Only use the scanners provided by the manufacturer. Otherwise, the ultrasound system cannot be performed, and an accident such as a fire may result in the worst case.

- The machine that are not serviced or maintained can not be used on the patient.
- The outer surface of the portions of transducer assembly which is intended to be inserted into a PATIENT should be checked to ensure that there are no unintended rough surfaces, sharp edges or protrusions which may cause harm.



- Only qualified physicians or sonographers can perform ultrasound scanning on human body for medical diagnosis.
- The system can only be maintained by the person authorized or trained by the manufacturer.
- The transducer is treated as the applied part.
- Do not operate this system in an atmosphere containing flammable gases or liquids such as anesthetic gases, hydrogen, and ethanol, because there is an danger of explosion.
- Do not use this system at the same time with other equipment such as electric knife, defibrillator, and other high-frequency therapy equipment. Otherwise, there is danger of electric shock.
- keep the system dry, avoid beding transported to the field with a great temperature change to prevent condensation or water droplets from resulting in short circuit.
- Please read the instructions and then set and control the acoustic output levels.

### 5.1.2 Mechanical Safety



- Be careful when holding the device, for it is handhold, it may fall.
- Do not use shell cracking equipment.



- Do not use this system in the strong electromagnetic field. Using the system in the improper environment may result in malfunction or damage.
- Only the peripherals and accessories (such as probes, peripherals or cables) provided or recommended by the manufacturer can be used. Using other devices or accessories may degrade the system performance and even cause an electrical shock.



• Do not place the system on a tilted plane with the angle larger than 10°. Otherwise, the system will fall offto cause system damage or personal injury.

### 5.1.3 Probe Safety

You should use the legally marketed medical ultrasound couplants. Please check the user instruction carefully before using it, please manage and use the ultrasound couplants correctly to prevent it being polluted.



• Disconnect the probe from the system after freezing an image or powering off the system. Otherwise, the system or the probe could be damaged.



- Use the probe carefiully. If any part of the transducer surface is scratched, immediately stop using the probe.Otherwise, there is a danger of electric shock.
- After disinfecting the accessories, chemicals must be washed out from the accessories. Remaining residual chemicals or gases could not only result in damage to the accessories but also can be harmful to human bodies.

### 5.1.4 Cybersecurity

- In order to avoid database loss and damage, please back up the database regularly.
- The scanner can be connected to mobile device IPad or IPhone by wireless local network. The software itself can not be connected to external network, the network the software is connected to is the local wireless network launched by the scanner.
- During usage, if there is any software bug, the user can do feedback via company email: <a href="mailto:sonostar@sonostar.net">sonostar@sonostar.net</a>, then the company will do analysis and modification according to the bug, if there is needs for update, there will be update notification via email to remind the user to do update.

#### **Connection security**

When connecting smart devices, Scanner provides a Wi-Fi 802.11n local area network. IPad can only be accessed using WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) or WPA2 (WiFi Protected Access II) as a security protocol to protect this network.

For information on setting up wireless network security, please refer to the documentation of your network device.

For security purposes, only the preset security password can be used to connect to WiFi.

The scanner can only be connected to one iPad device, successfully locking your smart device.

The following behaviors may bring new risks to patients, operators, and third parties. Your organization is responsible for identifying, analyzing, evaluating, and controlling these risks:

Change network configuration.

### Medical device network security information:

- 1. The product uses a local area network, which is not connected to the external network when working. The platform used by the software is the IOS system developed by Apple, which has similar security features and protection mechanisms. These security features include face ID, Touch ID, password protection, data encryption and so on, which have strong security and protection mechanism. Apple regularly updates its operating system to fix known vulnerabilities and enhance security performance. At the same time, Apple also strictly controls the applications on the App Store through the audit mechanism to prevent the emergence of malware.
- 2. As a separate LAN, the scanner will not be affected by external network attacks. If there is a network error, just restart the scanner, and the scanner WIFI will automatically reconnect with the tablet. If the tablet is attacked by the network, just restart the tablet or restore the factory settings.
- 3. The software is put on the Apple APPSTORE. If you need to restore the program, you only need to download it again in Apple Mall, and the saved data needs to be backed up by Apple ICLOUD cloud.
- 4. The IFU provides the software download link and guides the installation tutorial. For details, please refer to the relevant IFU, section 2.2INSTALLING APP.
- 5. The device will establish a separate local area network, which needs WIFI password to log in, and the scanner can only be connected to the tablet terminal one-to-one, so there are no network security risks such as stealing information or being attacked by the external network.
- 6. The network port relationship for receiving/sending data is as follows: the scanner establishes WIFI connection with the IPad, and uses wireless WiFi port to connect with the IPad. The scanner data is transmitted to the APP, and the APP transmits control parameters to the scanner, and the image data will be displayed on the IPad terminal.
- 7. Network diagram

WIFI encryption method TKIP

scanner (WIFI)

8. If there are security vulnerabilities in software operating environment, Apple will regularly upgrade and maintain it. Just pay attention to the related upgrades and vulnerability patches prompted by the scanner. Log files are kept by the scanner, and users can use the scanner to

authenticate and authorize users. The recovery equipment can be operated according to the scanner provided by Apple.

### IT Security or Wi-Fi

IPad is the Wi-Fi signal transmitted by the Wi-Fi module of the scanner. It is a local area network, not connected to the Internet, but only used for signal and data transmission.

The information using wifi communication is as follows:

Working frequency band (MHz)	2400-2483.5
Receiving frequency (MHz)	2412-2462
Modulation type	802.11b/g/n
Frequency characteristic	Suitable for short-distance micro-power wireless communication equipment
Effective radiated power	8mW

### **5.2 Principles of Using Acoustic Power**



- Perform ultrasound procedures prudently under the guidance of the AL ARA (as low as reasonablyachievable) principle. Expose the patient to the lowest practical transmit power levels in the shortest possible period to achieve a satisfactory diagnosis.
- The operator should notice the effect of the heat on the patient body when the exam is performed around the bones and the nearby soft tissues which can transform the ultrasound energy to heat energy. Take special care to the fetal whose bones are growing.

### **5.2.1** Biological Safety

Diagnostic ultrasound is recognized as being safe, but the risk of biological effects exists when using it in high exposure levels and long exposure times. Thus ultrasound should be used in a prudent manner to provide medical benefit to the patient.

The materials used for the contact between the probe head and the patient are RTV and ABS. If the patient experiences redness or other reactions after contact, immediate cessation of use is required.

### 5.2.2 Mechanical and Thermal Indices

The ultrasound system displays two parts: thermal Index (TI) and Mechanical Index (MI). The MI/TI value of the machine is real time displayed at the upper right corner, regarding how to change TI display type, please choose: **Preset**  $\rightarrow$  [System Preset]  $\rightarrow$  [TI].

### ■ Meaning of MI/TI

Mechanical bioeffects are threshold phenomena that occur when a certain level of output is exceeded. The threshold level varies with tissue type. The potential mechanical bioeffects varies with peak pressure and ultrasound frequency. The higher the MI value, the greater the likelihood of mechanical bioeffects occurring. There is no specific MI value theat means that a mechanical effect is actually occurring. The MI should be used as guide for implementing the ALARA principle.

The TI value informs the operator about the conditions that might lead to an increase in temperature at surface of the body, within the body tissue, or at the point of focus of the ultrasound beam on bone. That is, the TI value informs the operator about the potential temperature rise in body tissue. It is an estimate of temperature increase in body tissue with specific properties. The actual amount of an temperature rise is influenced by factor such as tissue type, vascularity, mode of operation and others. The TI value should be used as a guide for implementing the ALARA principle. Depending on the examination and type of tissue involved, TI could be one of three types.

Soft Tissue Thermal Index (TIS) is used when imaging soft tissue only, it provides an estimate of potential temperature rise in soft tissue.

- Bone Thermal Index (TIB) is used when bone is near the focus of the image as in the third cropester OB examination, it provides an estimate of potential temperature rise in the bone or adjacent soft tissue.
- Cranial Bone Thermal Index (TIC) is used when bone is near the skin surface as in transcranial examination, it provides an estimate of potential temperature rise in the bone or adjacent soft tissue.

#### ■ Precision of MI/TI

TI and MI values are displayed in real time on the screen. The operator should observe these index values during examinations and ensure that exposure time and output values are maintained at minimum amounts needed for effective diagnosis. The MI and TI precision is 0.1.

### **5.2.3 Acoustic Output Statement**

### 5.2.3.1 The Influencing Factors of Acoustic Uncertainty

When estimating accuracy of displayed numerical values, many factors are considered:

- The scanner changeability
- The system changeability
- Changeability and accuracy of measurement
- Possible operating conditions and testing numbers needed to obtain displayed result accuracy of the diagnostic system

- Whether the display accuracy depends on specific system combination, mode combination, scanner component and launch mode combination, or all of above
- Algorithm accuracy of the system software used to calculate the MI/TI
- Approximation engineering method used in real time computation

### 5.2.3.2 Differences between Actual and Displayed MI and TI

For many assumptions used in the process of measurement and calculation, actually they are conservative. For most organizations path, high estimate is made in the measurement and calculation process of tissue exposure intensity. For example, using attenuation coefficient 0.3dB cm<sup>-1</sup> MHz<sup>-1</sup> much lower than the actual human tissue attenuation coefficient, choosing conservative values of tissue characteristic. Therefore, displayed MI and TI values should be relative information for reference, they serve to indicate to the operator whether a particular setting of the system increases or decreases the possibility of Thermal or Mechanical effect, used to help the operator be careful to use ultrasonic diagnostic system and follow the ALARA principle, these values cannot be equal to actual values.

### 5.2.3.3 Uncertainty of Measurement

Sound pressure is the most basic data of sound field measurement, and other sound field parameters can be deduced from sound pressure, so when analysing measurement uncertainty, only take sound pressure for analysis and uncertainty of other parameters can be deduced from the sound pressure.

Measurement uncertainty mainly include repeated measurement uncertainty and the system uncertainty, the system uncertainty is an order of magnitude higher than repeated measurement uncertainty, so the main analysis is the system uncertainty. Mainly decided by the following factors:

- 1. The sensitivity of hydrophone: According to hydrophone calibration report provided by ONDA company, the maximum allowable error of sound pressure for hydrophone is plus or minus 12%;
- 2. Scope: according to agilent DSO6502A specifications, its effect on the sound pressure is plus or minus 2%;
- 3. Temperature: effect of the thermocouple on sound pressure error is plus or minus 4%;

Above all uncertainty components are not related, synthetic standard uncertainty of sound pressure is :plus or minus 13%.

### 5.2.3.4 Accuracy of the displayed acoustic output

Parameter	Displayed acoustic output accuracy	Measurement uncertainty B-mode and Color doppler mode
Pressure, MI	±25%	±15%
Power, TI	±50%	±30%

Accuracy of the displayed acoustic output = (Measured value - Acoustic output display value) / Acoustic output display value \* 100%

### **5.2.4 Operator Control Property**

There are three types of operation control related to the generation of mechanical/thermal effect: direct control and indirect control, receiver control. Qualified operator should try to cut down the acoustic output in the premise of effective diagnostic images.

■ Direct control The direct control of the acoustic output of this system is adjusting voltage size. But its maximum acoustic output shouldn't be more than displayed acoustic output limit in any modes.

#### ■ Indirect control

The controls that indirectly affect output are many imaging parameters. These are operating modes, frequency, focal point number/position, image depth and pulse repetition frequency (PRF)(By adjusting the [Scale] of the toolbar).

The operating mode determines whether the ultrasound beam is scanning or non-scanning. Thermal effect is closely connected to M Mode, PW Doppler and Color Mode.

Acoustic attenuation of tissue is directly related to transducer frequency.

The focal point number and position is related to active aperture of transducer and beam width.

For the pulse repetition frequency( PRF)(By adjusting the [Scale] of the toolbar), the higher the PRF, the more acoustic output power increased over a period of time.

#### ■ The receiver control

The receiver control does not affect the acoustic output, including gain, dynamic range, and image processing, etc. Therefore, in the image optimization, should adjust the receiver control to optimize images firstly, the second are through direct control and indirect control.

When acquiring images, it is recommended to use the default (or as low as possible) acoustic output location, and use the gain control to compensate. The default setting is commonly 70% of maximum allowed acoustic output value, which will not cause harm to the operator, and for the scanner is the most effective value

### **5.2.5** Acoustic Power Settings

The ultrasound system has been preset the parameters for each exam mode with different scanners before shipment. When the ultrasound system is powered on, a new patient is

created or the application mode is changed, the system will retrieve the default settings. You can also reset the parameters.

#### **5.2.6 ALARA**

It is required to practice ALARA when using ultrasound energy. Practicing ALARA ensures that the total energy level is controlled below a low level at which bioeffects are not generated while diagnostic information is being accumulated. The total energy is controlled by output intensity and total radiation time. The output intensity necessary for examinations differs depending on the patient and clinical case.

Not all examinations can be performed with an extremely low level of acoustic energy. Controlling the acoustic level at an extremely low level leads to low-quality images or insufficient Doppler signals, adversely affecting the reliability of the diagnosis. However, the sound power which is used greater than the actual needs does not contribute to improving the quality of diagnostic information either, it will increase the risk of biological effects.

The operator must take responsibility for the safety of patients.

### **5.3 Electromagnetic Compatibilities**

Electromagnetic compatibilities are the abilities of the system or equipment to operate normally in the electromagnetic environment and not to radiate any electromagnetic interruptions to any other objects which are in the same environment.

This system is designed in accordance with the current EMC requirement. And the ultrasound image will degrade instantly if the system is used in the electromagnetic field environment. If the degradation of the image is found, it is recommended to inspect the operation environment to confirm the radiation source.

#### 5.3.1 Electromagnetic Emission

This system is applicable for the following environment. You should use this system under the suggested environment.

1	Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic emission							
	The UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner is intended for use in the							
2	electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner should assure that it is used in							
-	UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner should assure that it is used in							
	such environment.							
3	Emission test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment - guidance					

4	RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
5	RF emissions CISPR 11	Class A	The UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner is suitable for use in all establishments, including domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage
6	Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Class A	power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
7	Voltage fluctuations / flicker emissions  IEC 61000-3-3	Not Complies	

## **5.3.2** Electromagnetic Immunity

## Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic immunity

The UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Immunity	IEC 60601	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
Test	Test Level	Level	
Electrostatic	+C V1		Floors should be wood, concrete or
discharge	±6kV	±6kV contact	ceramic tile.
(ESD)	contact		If floors are covered with synthetic
	1017/ -:-	±8kV air	material, the relative humidity should be at
IEC 61000-4-2	±8kV air		least 30%.

Electrostatic transient\ burst	±2 kV for power supply lines  ±1 kV for input output lines	±2 kV for power supply lines  ±1 kV for input output lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	±1kV differential mode ±2kV common mode	±1kV differential mode ±2kV common mode	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines  IEC 61000-4-11	< 5%U <sub>T</sub> (>95% dip in U <sub>T</sub> ) for 0.5 cycle  40%U <sub>T</sub> (60% dip in U <sub>T</sub> ) for 5 cycles  70%U <sub>T</sub> (30% dip in U <sub>T</sub> ) for 25 cycles  < 5%U <sub>T</sub> (>95% dip in U <sub>T</sub> ) for 5 sec	$< 5\%U_{T}$ $(>95\% \text{ dip in } U_{T}) \text{ for } 0.5$ cycle $40\%U_{T}$ ( $60\%$ $\text{dip in } U_{T}$ ) for  5  cycles $70\%U_{T}$ ( $30\%$ $\text{dip in } U_{T}$ ) for  25  cycles $< 5\%U_{T}$ $(>95\% \text{ dip in } U_{T}$ ) for $5 \text{ sec}$	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner be powered from an uninterruptible power supply or a battery.
Power frequency (50/60 Hz) Magnetic field	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
NOTE	UT is the	a.c. mains volta	age prior to application of the test level.

#### **5.3.3 Recommended Separation Distance**

The UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner is intended for use in an electromagnetic environment in which radiated RF disturbance are controlled. The customer or the user of the UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner can help prevent electromagnetic interference by maintaining a minimum distance between portable and mobile RF communications equipment (transmitters) and the the UProbe-C Wireless Probe Type Ultrasound Scanner as recommended below, according to the maximum output power of the communications equipment.



If the system has generated the interference (confirmed by powering on and off the system), you or the qualified service personnel should solve the problem by following the steps as below.

- Reposition the affected system.
- Place this system further away from the affected system.
- Supply power to this system in other ways other than the way used currently.
- Contact the manufacturer as soon as possible.

	Separation distance according to frequency of transmitter (m)					
Rated	150 kHz to 80					
Maximum	MHz	80 MHz to 800 MHz	800 MHz to 2.5 GHz			
Output Power of	$d = [\frac{3.5}{V1}] \sqrt{P}$	$d = \left[\frac{3.5}{E1}\right] \sqrt{P}$	$d=\begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \sqrt{P}$			
Transmitter (W)	$u = \lfloor \frac{1}{V1} \rfloor \sqrt{I}$	$u - \left(\frac{E1}{E1}\right) \sqrt{I}$	$d = \left[\frac{7}{E1}\right] \sqrt{P}$			
0.01	0.12	0.12	0.23			
0.1	0.38	0.38	0.73			
1	1.2	1.2	2.3			
10	3.8	3.8	7.3			
100	12	12	23			

For transmitters rated at a maximum output power not listed above, the recommended separation distance d in meters (m) can be estimated using the equation applicable to the frequency of the transmitter, where P is the maximum output power rating of the transmitter in watts (W) according to the transmitter manufacturer.

NOTE 1: At 80 MHz and 800 MHz, the separation distance for the higher frequency range applies.

NOTE 2: These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

### 5.4 Secrecy

The confidentiality guarantee of information is as follows:

The scanner does not contain patient identification information.

When the scanner is connected to a wireless network, it encrypts and stores WiFi passwords.

The data transmitted between the scanner and the app on the iPad is transmitted through an encrypted local area network.

The image needs to be logged into the iPad system to be viewed, so the image data is confidential.

If there are no images exported to the iPad's image library, the app will store these images.

## 5.5 Integrity

The integrity of the transmitted data is guaranteed as follows:

Authenticated encryption can prevent malicious users from intercepting and modifying data. Integrity checks ensure the integrity and validity of the received data. If any data is incomplete or invalid, it will be discarded.

The TCP channel used through Wi-Fi ensures the correct transmission of data.

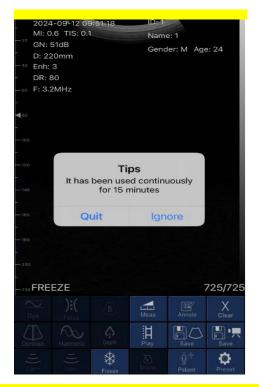
## 5.6 Availability

If Wi-Fi connection cannot be achieved (such as excessive radiation or electromagnetic interference in the environment), please use other channels or switch to a different usage environment.

# 5.7 Tips for probe head operating temperature observation:

If the surface temperature of the ultrasonic probe exceeds 43° C, it may cause discomfort or pain to the human body, and there may be unforeseeable injuries such as burns, cell damage, edema, etc. Therefore, it is necessary to limit its continuous use time to ensure that its surface temperature is within a safe range.

When the probe is connected to the mobile phone tablet device, for 15 minutes, the software will pop up, as shown in the figure below:



The operator chooses whether to exit the software according to the current temperature of the probe sound head. If the probe sound head temperature exceeds 43 ° C, click Quit to exit the software, if not over 43 ° C, click Ignore and continue working.

Once the system detects that the surface temperature of the probe reaches 43  $^{\circ}$ C, the software will give the following prompt and the machine will be forced to shut down after 10 seconds.



# **Appendix A Specifications**

Complied Standards	Electrical Equipment Part 2	ty and essential per 0601-2-37:2008 (IEC -37: Particular Requ of Ultrasonic Medic	formance, Class I, BF, 260601-2-37:2007), Medical irements for the Basic Safety al Diagnostic and Monitoring		
	Type of protection against electric shock	Internally powered	d		
	Degree of protection against electric shock	Type-BF applied pa	art		
	Operation mode	Continuous working			
Safety Types	Installation and operation type	Portable Equipment			
	Degrees of protection against harmful liquid	Main unit: IPX1 Acoustic head: IPX7			
	Degree of safety of application	The equipment is not suitable for use in the presence of a flammable anesthetic mixture with air, oxygen or nitrous oxide.			
Operating system requirements	IOS 9.0 and above version.				
		Operations	Storage and Transportation		
Envii Req	Relative Humidity	25% to 80%, non-condensing	25% to 93%, non-condensing		
Environmenta Requirement	Ambient Temperature	5°C to +35°C	-20°C to +55°C		
ent	Atmospheric Pressure	700hPa to 1060hPa	700hPa to 1060hPa		
	Max. Altitude	3000m	3000m		

# **Appendix B Acoustic Output Data**

These data are acquired through the test report of IEC 60601-2-37.

Transducer Model: Uprobe-C, Operating Model: B mode

Index label		МІ	TIS		TIB		TIC
			At surface	Below	At	Below	
				surface	surface	surface	
Max	imum index value	0.78	0.17		0.17		N/A
Inde	x component		0.17	0.17	N/A	0.17	
valu	e						
	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa)	1.36					
Acoustic Parameters	P (mW)		11.56	11.56		11.56	
usti	P <sub>1x1</sub> (mW)		11.56		11.56		
ic P	z <sub>s</sub> (cm)			N/A			
ara	z <sub>b</sub> (cm)					N/A	
met	<i>z<sub>MI</sub></i> (cm)	5.18					
ers	$z_{\rm PII.\alpha}$ (cm)	5.18					
	$f_{\sf awf}$ (MHz)	3.01	3.01		3.01		N/A
	prr (Hz)	1266.30					
	srr (Hz)	6.82					
	$n_{pps}$	1					
110	$I_{pa.\alpha}$ at $z_{PII.\alpha}$	83.94					
her	(W/cm <sup>2</sup> )						
Other Information	$I_{\operatorname{spta}.\alpha}$ at $z_{\operatorname{PII}.\alpha}$ or	1.20					
orm	Z <sub>SII.α</sub>						
atic	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )						
n	$I_{\rm spta}$ at $z_{\rm PII}$ or $z_{\rm SII}$	2.93					
	(mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )						
	$p_{\rm r.}$ at $z_{\rm PII}$	2.33					
	(MPa)						
					,		
Оp	Display	30, 50, 70	30, 50, 70	30, 50, 70	N/A	30, 50, 70	N/A
era	focus(mm)						
ting	Display	90	90	90	N/A	90	N/A
CO	depth(mm)						
ntro	Working	3.5	3.5	3.5	N/A	3.5	N/A
) c	frequency(MHz)				21/2		
Operating control conditions	Display focus	3	3	3	N/A	3	N/A
itio	number						
su							
NOT	E: N/A indicates the	at there is no	correspondir	intended ι	ise or no o	data reported	d.

Transducer Model: Uprobe-C, Operating Model: B+M mode

		MI	TIS		TIB		TIC
Index label			At surface	Below	At	Below	
Mayin	num index value	0.78	0.17	surface	surface	surface	N/A
IVIAXIII	num muex value	0.78	B:0.17	B:0.17	0.26 B:0.17		IN/A
Index	component value		В.0.17 М:N/A	В.0.17 М:0.07	N/A	M:0.26	
<b>&gt;</b>	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa)	1.36					
Aco	P (mW)		B:11.56 M:	10.88	B:11.56 I	M:10.88	N/A
Acoustic Parameters	$P_{1x1}$ (mW)		B:11.56 M:	N/A	B:11.56 I	M: N/A	
ic P	z <sub>s</sub> (cm)			4.00			
ara	$z_{\rm b}$ (cm)					4.80	
me:	<i>z<sub>MI</sub></i> (cm)	5.18					
ters	$z_{\rm PII.\alpha}$ (cm)	5.18					
	$f_{\text{awf}}$ (MHz)	3.01	3.01		3.01	3.01	
	prr (Hz)	1266.30					
	srr (Hz)	B:6.82					
요	$n_{pps}$	B:1					
her Inf	$I_{pa.\alpha}$ at $z_{PII.\alpha}$ (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	83.94					
Other Information	$I_{\text{spta.}\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII.}\alpha}$ or $z_{\text{SII.}\alpha}$ (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	45.59					
on	$I_{\text{spta}}$ at $z_{\text{PII}}$ or $z_{\text{SII}}$ (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	133.43					
	$p_{\rm r.}$ at $z_{\rm PII}$ (MPa)	2.33					
	Display focus(mm)	30, 50, 70	30, 50, 70	30, 50, 70	N/A	30, 50, 70	N/A
Operating con conditions	Display depth(mm)	90	90	90	N/A	90	N/A
erating control conditions	Working frequency(MHz)	3.5	3.5	3.5	N/A	3.5	N/A
<u> </u>	Display focus number	3	3	3	N/A	3	N/A
NOTE	N/A indicates that there is no corresponding intended use or no data reported						

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Transducer Model: Uprobe-L, Operating Model: B mode

		MI	TIS		TIB		TIC
Index label			At	Below	At	Below	
			surface	surface	surface	surface	
Maximu	m index value	0.94	0.03		0.03		N/A
Index co	mponent value		0.03	0.03	N/A	N/A 0.03	
	$p_{r,\alpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa)	2.39					
Acc	P (mW)		0.90	•	0.90		N/A
Acoustic Parameters	$P_{1\times 1}$ (mW)		0.90		0.90		
ic P	z <sub>s</sub> (cm)			N/A			
ara	z <sub>b</sub> (cm)					N/A	
me:	$z_{MI}$ (cm)	1.02					
ters	$z_{\text{PII}.\alpha}$ (cm)	1.02					
	$f_{awf}$ (MHz)	6.49	6.49		6.49		N/A
	prr (Hz)	1266.30					
	srr (Hz)	6.82					
Ot	$n_{pps}$	1					
her Inf	$I_{\text{pa}.\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII}.\alpha}$ (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	202.40					
Other Information	$I_{\text{spta}.\alpha}$ at $Z_{\text{PII}.\alpha}$ or $Z_{\text{SII}.\alpha}$ (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	2.49					
on	$I_{\text{spta}}$ at $z_{\text{PII}}$ or $z_{\text{SII}}$ (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	4.29					
	$p_{\rm r}$ at $z_{\rm PII}$ (MPa)	3.00					
Opera:	Display focus(mm)	8, 15	8, 15	8, 15	N/A	8, 15	N/A
Operating control conditions	Display depth(mm)	20	20	20	N/A	20	N/A
	Working frequency(MHz)	7.5	7.5	7.5	N/A	7.5	N/A
ditions	Display focus number	2	2	2	N/A	2	N/A

NOTE: N/A indicates that there is no corresponding intended use or no data reported.

Transducer Model: Uprobe-L, Operating Model: B+M mode

el n index value mponent value $D_{r,\alpha}$ at $Z_{MI}$ (MPa) P (mW) $D_{1x1}$ (mW) $D_{r,\alpha}$ (cm)	2.39	At surface 0.05 B:0.03 M:0.02	Below surface B:0.03 M: N/A	At surface 0.11 N/A	Below surface B:0.03 M:0.11	N/A
mponent value $p_{r,\alpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa) $p_{min}$ (mW) $p_{min}$ (mW) $p_{min}$ (mW)		0.05 B:0.03 M:0.02	B:0.03	0.11	B:0.03	N/A
mponent value $p_{r,\alpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa) $p_{min}$ (mW) $p_{min}$ (mW) $p_{min}$ (mW)		B:0.03 M:0.02				N/A
$p_{r,\alpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa) P (mW) $p_{1\times 1}$ (mW) $p_{s}$ (cm)	2.39	M:0.02		N/A		
$p_{r,\alpha}$ at $z_{MI}$ (MPa) P (mW) $p_{1\times 1}$ (mW) $p_{s}$ (cm)	2.39		M: N/A	IN/A	M:0.11	
P (mW) P <sub>1x1</sub> (mW) z <sub>s</sub> (cm)	2.39	R·∩ Q∩ M				
P <sub>1×1</sub> (mW) z <sub>s</sub> (cm)		B-U OU M				
z <sub>s</sub> (cm)		D.0.30 IVI	B:0.90 M:0.89		B:0.90 M:0.89	
·		B:0.90 M: N/A		B:0.90 M: N/A		
			N/A			
z <sub>b</sub> (cm)					1.02	
z <sub>MI</sub> (cm)	1.02					
z <sub>PII.α</sub> (cm)	1.02					
f <sub>awf</sub> (MHz)	6.49	6.49		6.49		N/A
orr (Hz)	1266.30					
srr (Hz)	B:6.82					
$n_{pps}$	B:1					
$I_{pa.\alpha}$ at $z_{PII.\alpha}$ (W/cm <sup>2</sup> )	202.40					
$y_{\text{spta}.\alpha}$ at $z_{\text{PII}.\alpha}$ or $z_{\text{SII}.\alpha}$ (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	54.37					
/ <sub>spta</sub> at z <sub>PII</sub> or z <sub>SII</sub> (mW/cm²)	86.25					
o <sub>r.</sub> at z <sub>PII</sub> (MPa)	3.00					
Display focus(mm)	8, 15	8, 15	8, 15	N/A	8, 15	N/A
Display depth(mm)	20	20	20	N/A	20	N/A
Working frequency(MHz)	7.5	7.5	7.5	N/A	7.5	N/A
Display focus number	2	2	2	N/A	2	N/A
	m/ (cm)  p <sub>HLα</sub> (cm)  p <sub>HLα</sub> (cm)  mr (Hz)  mr (Hz)  mr (Hz)  pps  p <sub>a,α</sub> at z <sub>PH,α</sub> (W/cm²)  p <sub>spta,α</sub> at z <sub>PH,α</sub> or  p <sub>spta</sub> at z <sub>PH</sub> or z <sub>SH</sub> mW/cm²)  p <sub>r</sub> at z <sub>PH</sub> (MPa)  Display  pocus(mm)  Display  depth(mm)  Vorking  requency(MHz)  Display focus  mumber	MI (cm)   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.02   1.04   1.05   1.0	(cm)   1.02	1.02   1.02	Mi   (cm)   1.02	1.02   1.02

NOTE: N/A indicates that there is no corresponding intended use or no data reported.

#### SUNGO Europe.B.V.



Fascinatio Boulevard 522, Unit 1.7, 2909VA Capelle aan den IJssel, The Netherlands



Manufacturer: Guangzhou Sonostar Technologies Co., Ltd.

Address of facility: 504#, C Building, #27 Yayingshi Road, Science Town, 510655

Guangzhou, PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA

Tel: 020-32382095

Fax: 020-62614030

Website: www.Sonostar .cn

E-mail: <a href="mailto:sonostar.net">sonostar@sonostar.net</a>